Mandatory Reporting Requirement of Child Abuse and Neglect

As a UW-Madison employee (under Wisconsin Executive Order #54), you are required to report child abuse or neglect immediately if in the course of employment you observe an incident or threat of child abuse or neglect, or learn of an incident or threat of child abuse or neglect, and have reasonable cause to believe that child abuse or neglect has occurred or will occur. Volunteers working for UW-Madison sponsored programs or activities are also expected to report suspected abuse or neglect.

A UW-Madison employee who is a mandatory reporter under Wis. Stat. § 48.981(2)(a) shall comply with the requirements of the state mandatory reporter law.

Deciding to get involved in a situation of suspected abuse or neglect can be difficult. It is, however, a decision that may be crucial to a child not only today, but also in the future. Caregivers/maltreaters who have abused or neglected their children may need services and support to provide safe care for their children. The sooner an issue is reported, the sooner the child can be helped.

No UW-Madison employee making a report of suspected child abuse or neglect to child protective services or law enforcement, in good faith, may be discharged from employment, disciplined or otherwise discriminated against in regard to employment, or threatened with any such treatment, for so doing.

Reporting is not “meddling.” If you suspect something, say something.
Sexual Abuse
Definition
Sexual intercourse or sexual touching of a child; recording or displaying of a child engaged in sexually explicit conduct; forcing a child to view or listen to sexual activity; exposing genitals or pubic area to a child or exposing a child’s genitals or pubic area for purposes of sexual gratification; or permitting, allowing or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution.

Signs
- Pain, swelling or itching in genital area
- Bruises, bleeding, discharge in genital area
- Difficulty walking or sitting, frequent urination, pain
- Stained or bloody underclothing
- Venereal disease
- Refusal to take part in gym or other exercises
- Poor peer relationships
- Unusual interest in sex for age
- Drastic change in school achievement
- Regressive or childlike behavior

Note: Sexual abuse does not include consensual sexual contact with anyone 16-17 years old.

Abuse as Manufacturing of Methamphetamine
Definition
It is child abuse to manufacture methamphetamines with a child present, or in a child’s home or under any other circumstances in which a reasonable person should have known that the manufacture would be seen, heard, or smelled by a child.

Emotional Abuse
Definition
“Emotional damage” for which the child’s parent, guardian or legal custodian has neglected, refused or been unable, for reasons other than poverty, to provide the necessary treatment or take steps to ameliorate the symptoms.

Emotional Damage
Definition
Harm to a child’s psychological or intellectual functioning which is exhibited by severe anxiety, depression, withdrawal or aggression. Emotional damage may be demonstrated by substantial and observable changes in behavior, emotional response or learning which are incompatible with the child’s age or stage of development.

Signs
- Low self-esteem
- Self-denigration
- Severe depression
- Aggression
- Withdrawal
- Severe anxiety

Neglect
Definition
When a parent—or caretaker—fails, refuses or is unable, for reasons other than poverty, to provide the necessary care, food, clothing, medical or dental care, or shelter, which seriously endanger the physical health of the child.

Signs
- Poor hygiene, odor
- Inappropriately dressed for weather
- Needs medical or dental care
- Left alone, unsupervised for long periods
- Failure to thrive, malnutrition
- Constant hunger, begs or steals food
- Extreme willingness to please
- Frequent absence from school
- Arrives early and stays late at school or play areas or other people’s homes

Reporting Child Abuse
How to Report
Contact your county social/human services department, sheriff, local police department, or university police department immediately—by telephone or in person.

What to Report
Explain, as well as you can, what happened or is happening to the child. Describe the nature of the abuse or neglect and the involved parties. Be as specific as possible. Be prepared to give the name, address, and telephone number of the child and also the name of the parent or caretaker if known. Even if you do not know all of this information, report what you do know. Tell all you know about the situation.

What Happens After You Report
Child Protective Services and/or law enforcement will screen the case and determine whether abuse/neglect has occurred and determine what action to take.

Where to Go for Information or Training
If you have questions about your duty to report or to request group training, contact the UW-Madison Office for Equity and Diversity at 608-263-2378. (Language interpretation services are available.) Training is also available online at http://wcwprds.wisc.edu/mandatedreporter/.

Things to Remember
- If there is an emergency or a child is in immediate danger, call 911.
- If you observe an incident or threat of child abuse or neglect, or learn of an incident or threat of child abuse or neglect and have reasonable cause to believe that abuse or neglect has occurred, you are required to report it to law enforcement or Child Protective Services.
- Reports must be given immediately by telephone or in person to law enforcement or Child Protective Services (CPS)—no voicemail or email. Child Protective Services will not disclose information about who made a report unless they are court ordered.
- If you learn about abuse or neglect from an education record of a matriculated student, a medical record, or from a patient in a healthcare setting, various privacy laws may affect your ability to make a report to CPS or law enforcement. If you have questions about the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), or state medical records laws, please contact the Office of Administrative Legal Services at 608-263-7400.